

Anti-ATF6 α antibody, mouse monoclonal (37-1)

73-505 100 μg

Shipping and Storage: Shipped at 4° C or -20° C and stored at -20° C.

Immunogen: Recombinant ATF6 α (amino-terminal fragment of ATF6 α fused to GST)

Form: purified monoclonal antibody (IgG) 1mg/ml in PBS- with 50% glycerol, filter-sterilized

Isotype: mouse IgG1 κ **Epitope:** not determined

Reactivity: Reactive to human and mouse ATF6 α . However, clone 1-7 antibody (#73-500) is recommended for human cells.

Applications: (Detailed Protocol is given below)

- 1. Western blotting
- 2. Immunoprecipitation (IP) (less efficient than clone1-7)

This antibody does not work for immunofluorescence analyses.

Background: ATF6 (activating transcription factor 6) is an endoplasmic reticulum (ER) membrane-bound transcription factor activated in response to ER stress. When unfolded proteins accumulate in the ER, **ATF6** is cleaved by regulated intramembrane proteolysis. The resulting amino-terminal fragment translocates to the nucleus and activates transcription by binding to ER stress-response elements present in the promoter regions of ER stress-inducible genes including those encoding ER chaperones and components of ER-associated degradation. The mammalian **ATF6** family consists of two closely related homologs, **ATF6** α and ATF6 β . **ATF6** α but not ATF6 β plays a pivotal role in transcriptional control.

The monoclonal antibody was characterized in the laboratory of Professor Kazutoshi Mori of Kyoto University. The antibody was produced from hybridoma cultured in serum-free medium and purified under mild conditions by propriety chromatography processes.

Data Link Swiss-Prot P18850 (human ATF6 alpha)

References: This antibody is described in Ref 4.

- Hai T et al (1989) "Transcription factor ATF cDNA clones: an extensive family of leucine zipper proteins able to selectively form DNA-binding heterodimers." Genes Dev 3: 2083-2090 PMID <u>2516827</u>
- Haze K *et al* (1999) "Mammalian transcription factor ATF6 is synthesized as a transmembrane protein and activated by proteolysis in response to endoplasmic reticulum stress". *Mol Biol Cell* 10: 3787-3799 PMID: <u>10564271</u>
- Yamamoto K et al (2007) "Transcriptional induction of mammalian ER quality control proteins is mediated by single or combined action of ATF6α and XBP1". Dev. Cell 13: 365-376 PMID: <u>17765680</u>
- 4. Mori K "Divest yourself of a preconceived idea: transcription factor ATF6 is not a soluble protein!" Mol Biol Cell 21: 11435-8 (2010) PMID: <u>20219975</u>

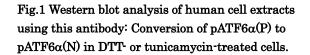
Related Product: <u>#73-500 anti-ATF6 alpha (clone 1-7)</u>



Protocol for ATF6a analysis using anti-human ATF6a monoclonal antibody (37-1)

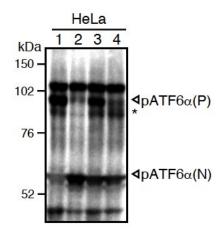
Both endogenous precursor $ATF6\alpha$, $pATF6\alpha(P)$, and its cleaved product, $pATF6\alpha(N)$, can be detected in human cells such as HeLa cells by western blot analysis using anti-human $ATF6\alpha$ monoclonal antibody clone 37-1 (Fig. 1), according to the procedures described below.

As clone 37-1 cross reacts with mouse ATF6 α , both endogenous precursor ATF6 α , pATF6 α (P), and its cleaved product, pATF6 α (N), can be detected in mouse cells such as NIH3T3 cells by western blot analysis (Fig. 2), according to the procedures described below.



1) untreated

2) DTT: 1mM dithiothreitol (reducing reagent) for 1 h. 3) Tm: 2 µg/ml tunicamycin (inhibitor of N-glycosylation) for 3 h. 4) Tm: 2 µg/ml tunicamycin (inhibitor of N-glycosylation) for 7 h. The asterisk denotes an unglycosylated form of pATF6 α (P). ATF6 α is constitutively expressed as pATF6 α (P) (~90-kDa protein), and converted to pATF6 α (N) (>50-kDa protein) in ER-stressed cells.



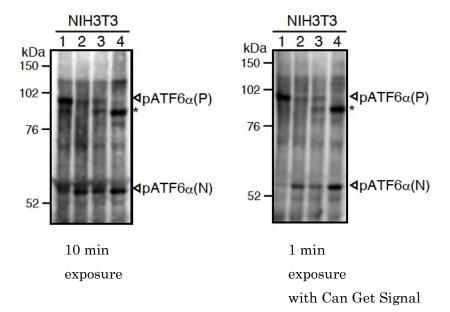


Fig.2 Western blot analysis of mouse cell extracts using this antibody: Conversion of pATF6 α (P) to pATF6 α (N) in DTT or tunicamycin-treated cells.

1) untreated.

2) DTT: 1mM dithiothreitol for 1 h.
3) Tm: 2 μg/ml tunicamycin for 3 h.
4) Tm: 2 μg/ml tunicamycin for 7 h.
The asterisk denotes an
unglycosylated form of pATF6α(P).
ATF6α is constitutively expressed
as pATF6α(P) (~90·kDa protein), and
converted to pATF6α(N) (>50·kDa protein)
in ER-stressed cells.

BioAcademia, Inc. Tel. 81-6-6877-2335

Fax. 81-6-6877-2336 info@big

info@bioacademia.co.jp https://www.bioacademia.co.jp/en/



Western blotting

SDS-sample buffer: 50 mM Tris/HCl, pH6.8, containing 2% SDS, (100 mM DTT), 10% glycerol and

BPB

PBST: PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20

Blocking buffer: PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 and 5% skim milk

• <u>Sample Preparation</u> (for HeLa or NIH3T3 cells cultured in 6cm dish)

- (1) Wash cells with ice-cold PBS.
- (2) Scrape cells in 500 μl of ice-cold PBS (+ protease inhibitor cocktail and 10 μM MG132) 2 times and collect cells by centrifugation at 5,000 rpm for 2 min.
- (3) Lyse cells directly in 100 µl of SDS-sample buffer without reducing reagent (+ protease inhibitor cocktail and 10 µM MG132).
- (4) Voltex mix vigorously.
- (5) Boil the lysate for 5 min and voltex well.
- (6) If the lysate is still viscous, boil again and voltex mix vigorously.
- (7) Centrifuge at 14,000 rpm for 2 min.
- (8) Determine protein concentration using BCA protein assay kit.

<u>SDS-PAGE and incubation with antibody</u>

- (9) Add one-tenth volume of 1 M DTT and boil for 5 min.
- (10) Subject 50 µg of the lysate to 8% SDS-PAGE.
- (11) Transfer to nitrocellulose membrane (such as Hybond-ECL, GE Healthcare).
- (12) Incubate the membrane in Blocking buffer overnight at 4°C (overnight incubation is essential).
- (13) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted in Blocking buffer (1:500-1:1000) for 1 h at room temperature or overnight at 4°C. Wash the membrane 3 times each for 5 min with PBST.
- (14) Incubate the membrane with HRP-conjugated secondary antibody for 1 h at room temperature. We recommend "ECL anti-mouse IgG, Horseradish Peroxidase linked F(ab')2 fragment" (GE Healthcare NA9310V-1ML).
- (15) Wash the membrane 3 times each for 5 min with PBST.
- (16) Detect signals using an appropriate luminescent reagent.

*Clearer results can be obtained by using 'Can Get Signal (TOYOBO NKB-101T)' during incubation with primary and secondary antibodies, according to the manufacture's instructions.



Please note: All products are FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR MILITARY USE.

BioAcademia,Inc. Tel. 81-6-6877-2335 Fax. 81-6-6877-2336 <u>info@bioacademia.co.jp</u> <u>https://www.bioacademia.co.jp/en/</u>