

Anti-MAGE-G1 / Necdin-like 2 antibody, rabbit serum (MG1)

74-114 100 µl

Shipping and Storage: Shipped at 4°C or -20°C and store at -20°C

Immunogen: Recombinant MBT-fused mouse MAGE-G1 (aa 1-279).

Form: Rabbit antiserum added with 0.05% sodium azide.

Reactivity: Reacts with mouse, rat and human MAGE-G1.

Applications:

1. Western blotting (1/1,000-1/300)
2. Immunoprecipitation.
3. Immunoaffinity purification
4. ELISA

Not tested for other applications

Background: **MAGE-G1** (melanoma-associated antigen G1, also designated **necdin-like 2**) gene encodes a necdin homologous protein. **MAGE-G1** gene, similarly to necdin gene, has been mapped to the region of proximal chromosome 15q in human, which is subject to genomic imprinting and implicated in various human neurological and mental disorders (ref.1). From this finding it is suggested that **MAGE-G1** is involved in brain development, and its abnormality causes neurodevelopmental diseases, although its biochemical and functional features remain largely unknown. **MAGE-G1** has characteristics similar to those of necdin, which suppresses cell growth by inducing cell cycle arrest. **MAGE-G1**, like necdin, targets both the transcription factor E2F1 and p75 neurotrophin receptor (p75NTR) to regulate cell viability during brain development (ref.2). An antibody (named MG1) against mouse **MAGE-G1** was raised in rabbit (ref.2).

Data Link: Swiss-Prot [Q9CPR8](#) (mouse), [Q96MG7](#) (human),

References: This antibody was produced and used in the following publication.

Kuwako K *et al.* (2004) "Necdin-related MAGE proteins differentially interact with the E2F1 transcription factor and the p75 neurotrophin receptor." *J Biol Chem* **279**: 1703-1712 PMID: [14593116](#)

Related products: #74-100 anti-Necdin antibody. 74-112 anti-MAGE-D1 / Dlxin-1 / NRAGE antibody.

Fig.1 Western blotting of crude extract of mouse embryonic cells with anti-MAGE-G1 antibody (MG1).

Sample (10 μ g protein) was prepared from mouse embryonic fibroblast E 14.5. The antibody was used at 1/300 dilution. Numbers on the right are positions of molecular mass in kDa.

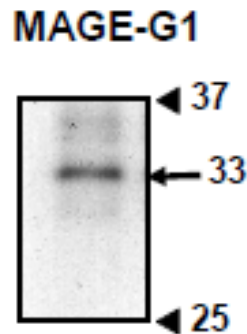


Fig.2 Western blot analysis of MAGE-G1 at different stages of neural differentiation with this antibody.

MAGE-G1 (G1) was analyzed by Western blotting in whole lysates of mouse P19 embryonal carcinoma cells at different stages of neural differentiation. **UN**, undifferentiated P19 cells; **RA**, aggregated cells treated with retinoic acid; **PN**, enriched postmitotic neurons.

The result revealed that P19 cells express MAGE-G1 (32 kDa) during the course of neuronal differentiation. The level of MAGE-G1 was the highest in retinoic acid-treated P19 cells.



Fig.3 Immunoaffinity purification of the protein complex with anti-MAGE-G1 antibody.

Detection of endogenous complexes of MAGE-G1 with E2F1 and p75NTR proteins. The lysate from retinoic acid-treated P19 cells was applied to immunoaffinity columns of anti-MAGE-G1 IgG (α G1 IgG) and preimmune IgG (Preimmune IgG). Bound proteins were immunoblotted for E2F1, p75NTR, and MAGE-G1 (G1) with respective antibodies. MAGE-G1 endogenously forms stable complexes with E2F1 and p75NTR in differentiated P19 cells.

