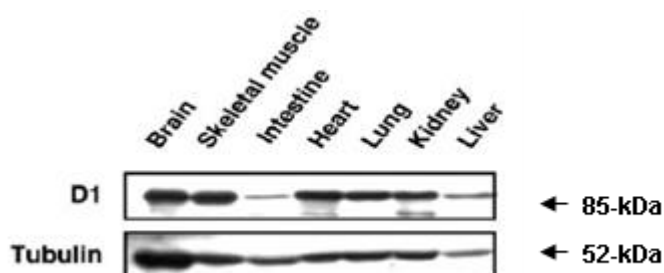


# Anti-MAGE-D1 / Dlxin-1 / NRAGE antibody, rabbit serum (MD1)

Product code	74-112
Size	100 µl
Storage	Store at 4°C for short term. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Concentration	N/A
Buffer	Preservative: 0.05% sodium azide
Purity	Rabbit antiserum
Immunogen	Recombinant MBT-fused mouse MAGE-D1 (aa 1-775 ).
Isotype	N/A
Reactivity	Mouse, rat and human MAGE-D1
Special notes	N/A
Application	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Western blotting (dilution: 1/3,000-1/1,000)</li> <li>2. Immunohistochemistry (dilution: 1/300)</li> <li>3. Immunocytochemistry (dilution: 1/1,000-1/500)</li> <li>4. ELISA Not tested for other applications</li> </ol>
Background	<p><b>MAGE-D1 (melanoma-associated antigen D1)</b>, also known as <b>Dlxin-1</b> or <b>NRAGE</b>, is a member of the MAGE protein family. <b>MAGE-D1</b> is expressed in almost all normal adult tissues and has been demonstrated to interact with the p75 neurotrophin receptor and to facilitate nerve growth factor-dependent apoptosis (ref.1). <b>MAGE-D1</b> also interacts with its homologous protein, necdin, which is known as a growth suppressor and a promoter of differentiation in neurons. Necdin binds to Msx (msh homeobox) and Dlx (distal-less homeobox) family homeodomain transcription factors via <b>MAGE-D1</b>. These proteins cooperate to modulate differentiation of neurons and muscle cells by regulating gene expression whereas Msx proteins function as transcriptional repressor and Dlx proteins function as transcriptional activators (ref.2 and 3).</p> <p>An antibody (named MD1) against mouse <b>MAGE-D1</b> was raised in rabbit (ref.2).</p>
Data Link	UniProtKB <a href="#">Q9QYH6</a> (mouse), <a href="#">Q9ES73</a> (rat), <a href="#">Q9Y5V3</a> (human)
Please note: All products are FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR MILITARY USE.	

**Data Images:** 74-112 anti-MAGE-D1 / Dlxin-1 / NRAGE antibody, rabbit serum (MD1)

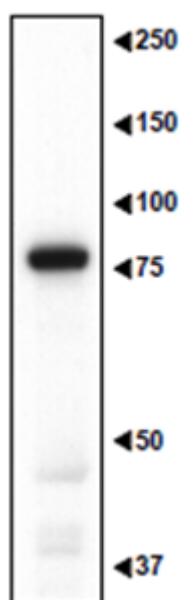


**Fig.1 Western blot analysis of MAGE-D1 expression in various organs in mouse embryo.**

Tissue lysates (20  $\mu$ g) from E18.5 embryos were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with antibodies against needin, MAGE-D1 (D1) and tubulin.

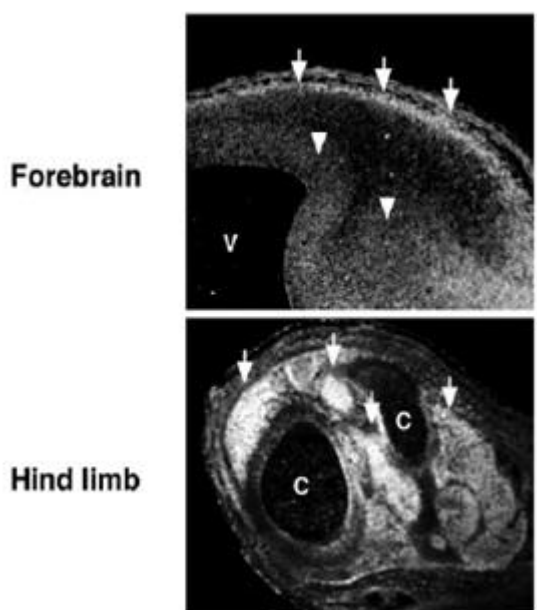
Endogenous ~85-kDa MAGE-D1 protein was expressed in a ubiquitous manner.

Tubulin was used as internal control.



**Fig.2. Western blotting of MAGE-D1 in the crude extract of mouse embryo.**

The extract (10  $\mu$ g protein) was prepared from cerebral cortex of E 16.5 mouse embryo. The anti-MAGE-D1 antibody (MD1) was used at 1/3,000 dilution. Molecular mass of mouse MAGE-D1 is 86 kDa. The numbers are positions of marker proteins shown in kDa.

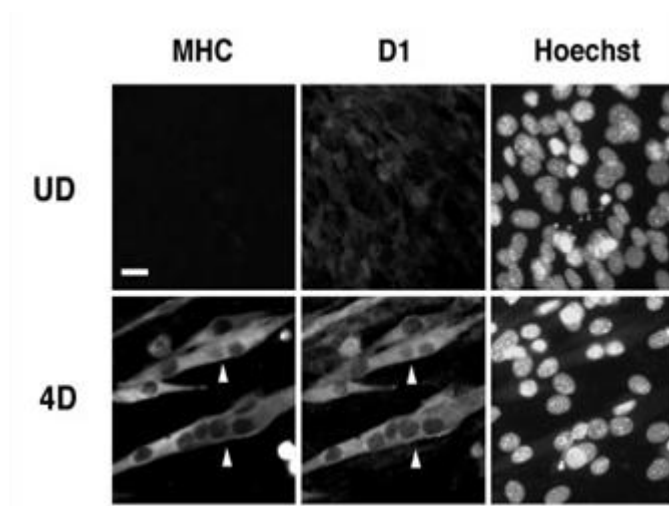


**Fig.2 Immunohistochemistry for MAGE-D1 in mouse embryos.**

Cryostat section of the paraformaldehyde fixed forebrain at E12.5 embryo (upper panel) and the hind limb at E14.5 (lower panel) were stained with antibody against MAGE-D1 at 1/300 dilution.

The arrows point to the preplate (upper panel) and the skeletal muscles (lower panel). The arrowheads indicate the ventricular proliferative zone; V, ventricle; C, bone cavity.

MAGE-D1 was concentrated in the preplate of the forebrain at E12.5 and skeletal muscle tissues in the hind limb at E14.5. In developing neural tube, MAGE-D1 immunoreactivity was distributed in the ventricular zone as well as the marginal zone.



**Fig.3 Immunocytochemistry using this antibody .**

C2C12 myoblast cells were cultured under undifferentiated conditions (UD) or under differentiation conditions for 4 days (4D). Cells were fixed and triply stained for myosin heavy chain (MHC) with anti-MHC antibody (non BioAcademia product) and for MAGE-D1 (D1) with anti-MAGE-D1 antibody, and for nuclear DNA with Hoechst33342 (Hoechst). The arrowheads point to differentiated multinucleated myocytes.

MHC and MAGE-D1 were distributed predominantly in the cytosol of multinucleated differentiated C2C12 cells.

**Related product:**

74-100 anti-Necdin antibody.

74-114 anti-MAGE-G1 / Necdin-like 2 antibody

**References:** This antibody was produced and used in ref.2 and 3.

1. Salehi AH *et al* (2000) "NRAGE, a novel MAGE protein, interacts with the p75 neurotrophin receptor and facilitates nerve growth factor dependent apoptosis." *Neuron* **27**: 279-288 PMID: [10985348](#)
2. Kuwajima T *et al* (2004) "Necdin interacts with the Msx2 homeodomain protein via MAGE-D1 to promote myogenic differentiation of C2C12 cells." *J Biol Chem* **279**: 40484-40493 PMID: [15272023](#)
3. Kuwajima T *et al* (2006) "Necdin promotes GABAergic neuron differentiation in cooperation with Dlx homeodomain proteins." *J Neurosci* **26**: 5383-5392 PMID: [16707790](#)